SOUTH FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

Water Supply Planning and Development

RULE TITLES RULE NOS.

Purpose and General Provisions 40E-8.011

Definitions 40E-8.021

Minimum Flows and Levels: Surface Waters 40E-8.221

Prevention and Recovery Strategies 40E-8.421

PURPOSE AND EFFECT: The purpose and effect of the rule development is to establish minimum flows and levels for the Loxahatchee River, in accordance with Chapter 373, Florida Statutes.

SUMMARY: The proposed rule establishes minimum flows and levels ("MFLs") for the Loxahatchee River identifying when salinity levels and minimum flows would cause significant harm to the water resources and ecology of the area. The MFLs are established using best available information. The Technical Documentation to Support Development of Minimum Flows and Levels for the Loxahatchee River is available on the District's website at www.sfwmd.gov/org/wsd/mfl/index.html.

SUMMARY OF STATEMENT OF ESTIMATED REGULATORY COSTS: None was prepared.

SPECIFIC AUTHORITY: §§9, 10 P.L 83-353, 373.044, 373.113, 373.119,

373.129, 373.136, 373.171 FS

LAW IMPLEMENTED: 373.016, 373.036, 373.0361, 373.042, 373.0421,

373.175, 373.216, 373.219, 373.223, 373.246 FS

A PUBLIC HEARING WILL BE HELD AT THE TIME, DATE, AND PLACE LISTED BELOW.

TIME AND DATE: February 13, 2003, 8:30am

PLACE: South Florida Water Management District, B-1 Auditorium, 3301 Gun Club Road, West Palm Beach, FL 33406.

THE PERSON TO BE CONTACTED REGARDING THE PROPOSED RULES IS: For technical issues contact, Dave Swift (internet: dswift@sfwmd.gov), at South Florida Water Management District, Post Office Box 24680, West Palm Beach, FL 33416-4680, telephone 1-800-432-2045. For procedural issues contact: Julie Jennison (internet: jienniso@sfwmd.gov), at South Florida Water Management District, Post Office Box 24680, West Palm Beach, FL 33416-4680, telephone 1-800-432-2045, extension 6294, or 561-682-6294. Although Governing Board meetings, hearings, and workshops are normally recorded, affected persons are advised that it may be necessary for them to ensure that a verbatim record of the proceeding is made, including the testimony and evidence upon which any appeal is to be based. Persons with disabilities or handicaps who need assistance may contact Garrett Wallace, District Clerk, at 561-682-6371 at least two business days in advance to make appropriate arrangements.

THE PRELIMINARY TEXT OF THE PROPOSED RULE IS:

40E-8.011 Purpose and General Provisions

Subsection (1) through (4) No Change.

(5) In concert with establishment of the MFL for the Northwest Fork of the Loxahatchee River in Rule 40E-8.221(5), F.A.C. the District commits to the

following activities that are described in greater detail in the Recovery and Prevention Strategy section, Rule 40E-8.421 (6), F.A.C.:

- (a) Restore freshwater flows to the Northwest Fork of the Loxahatchee River beyond the MFL by developing programs and projects that will provide surface water flows as identified in a practical restoration goal and plan, to be developed with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection.
- (b) Implement the restoration plan through structural and non-structural projects associated with the Comprehensive Everglades Restoration Plan and the regional water supply plan;
- (c) Establish water reservations to deliver and protect water supplies for restoration of the Loxahatchee River; and
- (d) Revise the MFL and the associated recovery and prevention strategy, as necessary, to be consistent with established restoration goals and future water reservations.
- (e) Establish Minimum Flows and levels for other tributaries to the Northwest

 Fork of the Loxahatchee River including Loxahatchee Slough, Cypress Creek,

 Kitching Creek and Hobe Grove Ditch as committed to in the District's Priority

 Water Body List, as updated.

Specific Authority: §§9,10 P.L. 83-358, 373.044, 373.113, 373.171 FS.

Law Implemented: 373.016, 373.036, 373.0361, 373.042, 373.0421, F.S.

History – New 9-10-01, Amended .

40E-8.021 Definitions

The terms set forth herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, and such meanings shall apply throughout the rules contained in this Chapter. The terms defined in Rule 40E-8.021, F.A.C. shall apply throughout the District's consumptive use permit rules. In the event of a conflict or difference between the definitions contained in Rule 40E-8.021, F.A.C. and the definitions set forth in other District rules, the definitions in this Rule 40E-8.021, F.A.C., shall control for purposes of this chapter.

- (1) through (18) No change.
- (19) Northwest Fork of the Loxahatchee River: Means those areas defined below:
- designated as Wild, Scenic and Recreational uses (as defined in the

 Loxahatchee River Wild and Scenic River Management Plan 2000) (see Map 1,
 incorporated herein), including the river channel that extends from river mile 6.0

 (latitude 26.9856, longitude 80.1426) located near the eastern edge of Jonathan

 Dickinson State Park and continues upstream to the G-92 structure (latitude
 26.91014, longitude 80.17578), including the C-14 Canal. The river channel
 includes the physical water flow courses and adjacent floodplain up to the limits
 of the floodplain swamp and wetlands within Riverbend Park, as determined by
 state wetland delineation criteria;
- (b) Cypress Creek which extends westward from river mile 10.6 to the intersection of Gulf Stream Citrus Road (*latitude 26.96484*, *longitude 80.1855*)

located approximately one mile west of the Florida Turnpike and includes its

natural river channels and contiguous floodplain as determined by state wetland delineation criteria;

- (c) Kitching Creek which extends from river mile 8.1 (*latitude 26.9908*, *longitude 80.1540*) northward through Jonathan Dickinson State Park to north of Bridge Road (*latitude 27.05513*, *longitude 80.17580*), including its natural river channels and contiguous floodplain as determined by state wetland delineation criteria, and;
- (d) Hobe Grove Ditch which extends west from river mile 9.1(*latitude* 26.9854, *longitude* –80.1594) westward to the Hobe-St. Lucie Conservancy District pump station outfall (*latitude* 26.5908, *longitude* 80.1031) including its natural river channels and contiguous floodplain as determined by state wetland delineation criteria.
- (20) (19) Operations means activities taken by the District for the movement of surface water through works of the District pursuant to Chapter 373, F.S.
- (21) (20) Prevention Strategy(ies) means the structural and non-structural actions approved by the District in regional water supply plans, pursuant to Section 373.0421, F.S., or by rule, for areas where MFLs are currently not violated, but are projected to be violated within twenty (20) years of the establishment of the minimum flow or level, if said prevention strategies are not implemented.

- (22) (21) Recovery Strategy(ies) means the structural and non-structural actions approved by the District in regional water supply plans, pursuant to Section 373.0421, F.S., or by rule, for areas where MFLs are currently violated.
- (23) (22) Regional Water Supply Plan means a plan approved by the District pursuant to Section 373.0361, F.S.
- (24) (23) St. Lucie River North Fork means the surface waters that extend from the Gordy Road Bridge structure (state plane coordinates, x851212.831, y1116105.7470), combined with tributary contributions below Gordy Road and collectively flow south to the confluence with the C-24 canal (state plane coordinates, x873,712.20, y1064,390.41).
- (25) (24) St. Lucie River South Fork means the surface waters that extend from the culverts located at state plane coordinates x 902,512.67, y1,001,799.91, north to the confluence of the river and the St. Lucie Canal (C-44).
- (26) (25) St. Lucie Estuary means the surface water body south of the confluence of the St. Lucie River North Fork and C-24, north of the confluence of the St. Lucie River South Fork and C-44, and west of the western boundary of the Intracoastal Waterway, exclusive of canals.
- (27) (26) Serious Harm means the long-term loss of water resource functions, as addressed in Chapters 40E-21 and 40E-22, F.A.C., resulting from a change in surface or ground water hydrology.
- (28) (27) Significant Harm means the temporary loss of water resource functions, which result from a change in surface or ground water hydrology, that takes more than two years to recover, but which is considered less severe than

serious harm. The specific water resource functions addressed by a MFL and the duration of the recovery period associated with significant harm are defined for each priority water body based on the MFL technical support document. Specific Authority: §§9, 10 P.L 83-358, 373.044, 373.113, 373.119, 373.129, 373.136, 373.171 FS.

Law Implemented: 373.016, 373.036, 373.0361, 373.042, 373.0421, 373.175, 373.216, 373.219, 373.223, 373.246 FS.

History: New 9-10-01, Amended 11-6-02, ______

40E-8.221: Minimum Flows and Levels Surface Waters.

The MFLs contained in this Part identify the point at which further withdrawals would cause significant harm to the water resources, or ecology, of the area as applicable, pursuant to Sections 373.042 and 373.0421, F.S. It is the District's intent to correct or prevent the violation of these MFLs through management of the water resources and implementation of a recovery strategy.

- (1) through (3) No Change.
- (4) Northwest Fork of the Loxahatchee River.
- (a) An enhanced freshwater regime is necessary to prevent significant harm to the water resources and ecology of the Northwest Fork of the Loxahatchee River, pursuant to Sections 373.042 and 373.0421, F.S. By establishing the MFL set forth in subsections (b) and (c), along with implementation of the associated recovery strategy, it is the interim goal of the District to provide sufficient freshwater flows to create at River Mile 9.2 the freshwater regime found at River Mile 10.2.

- (b) A MFL violation occurs within the Northwest fork of the Loxahatchee River when an exceedance, as defined in subsection (c), occurs more than once in a six year period.
- (c) A MFL exceedance occurs within the Northwest Fork of the Loxahatchee

 River when:
 - 1. Flows over Lainhart Dam decline below 35 cfs for more than 20 consecutive days; or
 - 2. The average daily salinity concentration expressed as a 20-day rolling average exceeds two parts per thousand. The average daily salinity will be representative of mid-depth in the water column (average of salinities measured at 0.5 meters below the surface and 0.5 meters above the bottom) at river mile 9.2 (latitude 26.9839, longitude 80.1609)
- (d) In addition to this MFL, which is intended to achieve partial enhancement of the Northwest Fork of the Loxahatchee River to prevent significant harm, restoration of the Loxahatchee River beyond the MFL will be addressed pursuant to Rule 40E-8.421(6), F.A.C. and other applicable provisions of state law. This MFL will be reviewed within two years of adoption and revised, if necessary, to ensure consistency with the restoration goal and plan identified pursuant to Rule 40E-8.421, F.A.C. or other applicable provisions of state law.

Specific Authority: §§9, 10 P.L 83-358, 373.044, 373.113, 373.119, 373.129, 373.136, 373.171 FS.

Law Implemented: 373.016, 373.036, 373.0361, 373.042, 373.0421, 373.175, 373.216, 373.219, 373.223, 373.246 FS.

History: New 9-10-01, Amended 11-6-02, ______.

40E-8.421 Prevention and Recovery Strategies

- (1) through (6) No change.
- (7) Northwest Fork of the Loxahatchee River Recovery Strategy: Purpose and Intent
- The Northwest Fork of the Loxahatchee River is currently not meeting the (a) MFL and requires implementation of a recovery strategy to achieve the MFL as soon as practicable, consistent with Section 373.0421, F.S. The recovery strategy consists of projects contained within the following approved plans: the Lower East Coast Regional Water Supply Plan (LEC Plan), the Comprehensive Everglades Restoration Plan (CERP), and the Northern Palm Beach County Comprehensive Water Management Plan (NPBCCWMP). Four phases of recovery are identified in the Technical Documentation to Support Development of Minimum Flows and Levels for the Northwest Fork of the Loxahatchee River, November 2002, which are projected to increase flows to meet the MFL for the Northwest Fork of the Loxahatchee River. As part of the recovery strategy, as provided in this rule, the consumptive use permitting and water shortage requirements in this Chapter and Chapters 40E-2 and 40E-21, F.A.C., shall apply to consumptive use direct and indirect withdrawals from surface and groundwater sources from the Northwest Fork of the Loxahatchee River and those areas directly tributary to the Northwest Fork.
- (b) In addition to implementation of this MFL recovery strategy, the District commits to restore freshwater flows to the Northwest Fork of the Loxahatchee

River above the MFL through Chapter 373, F.S. and the Comprehensive Everglades Restoration Plan and its associated authorities. The District will continue to partner with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection in establishing a practical restoration goal and plan for the Loxahatchee River watershed. Recognizing that natural seasonal fluctuations in water flows are necessary to ensure that the functions of the Loxahatchee River are protected, this restoration goal and plan will include a more complete set of seasonally managed flow criteria for the river that are driven primarily by natural rainfall and runoff patterns within the watershed.

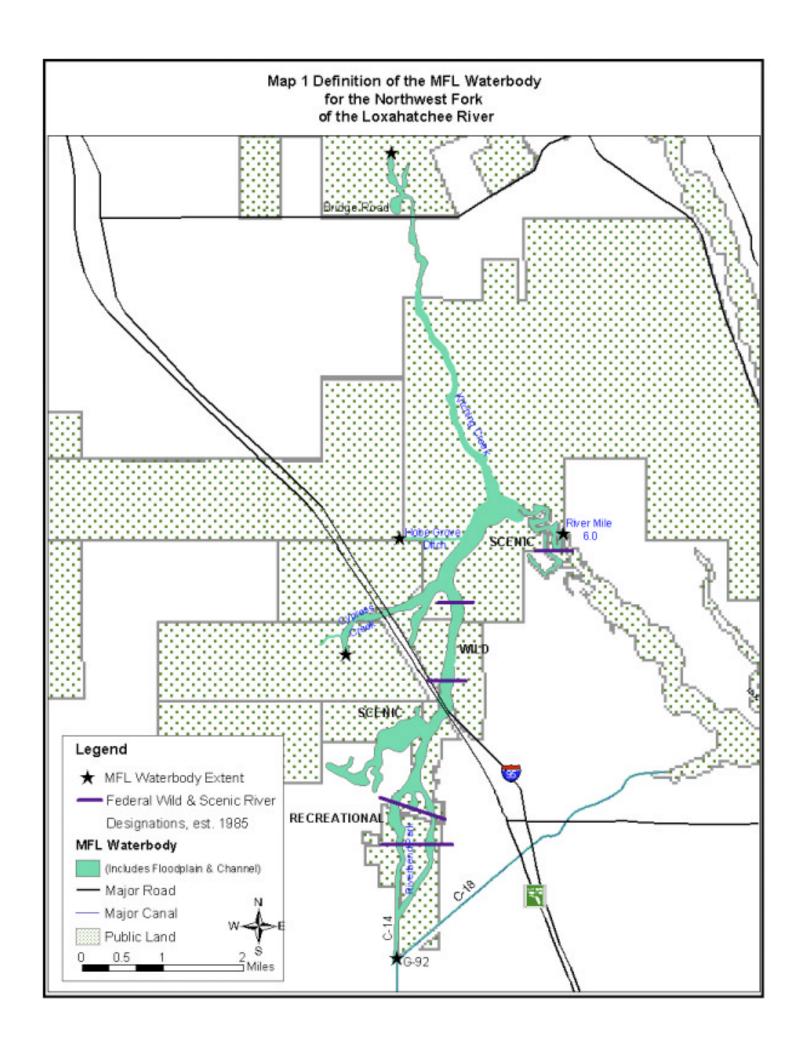
- (c) The District shall continue to operate the G-92 structure and associated structures to provide approximately 50 cfs or more over Lainhart Dam to the Northwest Fork of the Loxahatchee River, when the District determines that water supplies are available.
- (d) Additionally, it is the intent of the District to continue the current operational protocols of the G-92 structure so as not to reduce the historical high, average and low flows as estimated over the 30 year period of rainfall record used as the basis for the MFL for the Northwest Fork of the Loxahatchee River.
- (e) It is the District's intent to implement, along with other partners, projects to meet the practical restoration goal developed according to subsection (b). Projects contained in the Comprehensive Everglades Restoration Plan, the LEC Plan and the NPBCCWMP will provide increased storage and conveyance within the basin with a goal of providing more water for restoration of the Northwest Fork of the Loxahatchee River.

- To protect water made available for the recovery and restoration of the Loxahatchee River through implementation of these associated projects, the District intends to adopt water reservations for the Loxahatchee River, pursuant to Section 373.223(4), F.S., on a project by project basis over the next 20 years. In addition, the SFWMD intends to adopt an initial reservation to protect existing water used for protection of fish and wildlife, consistent with the practical restoration goal identified for the Loxahatchee River, by 2004. Future reservations related to the Loxahatchee River will be consistent with the reservations being developed for restoration of the Everglades under CERP, and will reflect the needs of the natural system through a range of hydrologic These water reservations are intended to prevent the future conditions. allocation to consumptive uses the freshwater intended for restoration of the Loxahatchee River. The reservations will be implemented through the consumptive use permit program, operational protocols, water shortage rules, and other appropriate provisions in Chapter 373, F.S.
- (g) As reservations are adopted to restore the Loxahatchee River beyond that to be achieved by the MFL, the District shall revise the minimum flow and level and associated prevention and recovery strategy, as appropriate, under Sections 373.042 and 373.0421, F.S., to be consistent with the reservation.

Specific Authority §§9, 10 P.L. 83-358, 373.044, 373.113, 373.171 FS.

Law Implemented: 373.016, 373.036, 373.0361, 373.042, 373.0421, 373.175, 373.216, 373.219, 373.223, 373.246 FS.

History: New 9-10-01, Amended 11-6-02, _____.



NAME OF PERSON ORIGINATING THE PROPOSED RULE: Kenneth G.

Ammon, Director, Water Supply Division

NAME OF PERSON OR SUPERVISOR WHO APPROVED PROPOSED RULE:

Governing Board of the South Florida Water Management District

DATE PROPOSED RULE APPROVED: December 12, 2002

DATE NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULE DEVELOPMENT PUBLISHED IN FAW:

November 1, 2002, November 22, 2002, November 27, 2002.

